

Problem Set 3.7

1. Find  $y' = \frac{dy}{dx} = D_x(y)$  by implicit differentiation.

(1)  $xy + 2x + 3y^2 = 4$

(2)  $\sin(xy) = y^2$

2. (1) Find  $y'$  and  $y''$  at  $(1,1)$  if  $x^2 + xy + y^2 = 3$ .

(2) Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve  $x^2 + xy + y^2 = 3$  at  $(1,1)$ .

Problem Set 3.10

Derivatives

$D_x(\sin^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$	$D_x(\tan^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$
$D_x(\sinh x) = \cosh x$	$D_x(\cosh x) = \sinh x$

3. Find the derivative of the function.

(1)  $y = \sin^{-1}(2x+1)$

(2)  $y = \ln(\tan^{-1}x)$

(3)  $y = \sinh x \cosh 3x$

Problem Set 3.11

Let  $y = f(x)$  and  $x$  change from  $a$  to  $a + \Delta x$ .

**actual change** :  $\Delta y = f(a + \Delta x) - f(a)$

**differential** :  $dy = f'(a)dx = f'(a)\Delta x$

4. Find  $\Delta y$  and  $dy$  where  $y = 2x - x^2$ ,  $x = 2$ ,  $\Delta x = dx = -0.3$ .

At  $x = a$ ,

**linear approximation** :  $L(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x - a)$

5. Find the linear approximation to the function

$f(x) = \sin x$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$ .

Approximation  $f(a + \Delta x)$  where  $\Delta x = dx$  using;

**a differential** :  $f(a + \Delta x) \approx f(a) + f'(a)dx$

**a linear approximation** :  $f(a + \Delta x) \approx L(a + \Delta x)$

6. Approximate  $\sqrt{99.8}$ .

(1) Find  $f(x)$  and a point  $a$  near 99.8 to approximate  $\sqrt{99.8}$ .

$f(x) =$

$a =$

(2-1) [method1] Use a differential to approximate  $\sqrt{99.8}$ .

(2-2) [method2] Use a linear approximation to approximate  $\sqrt{99.8}$ .